UNITED STATES SOUTHERN DIST EASTERN				
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)			
PLAINTIFF,) CASE NO. 2:14-CV-452			
VS.) MARCH 29, 2017			
RONALD SCHERER, et al.,) 11:00 A.M.				
DEFENDANTS.))			
)			
TRANSCRIPT OF STATUS O BEFORE THE HONORABLE UNITED STATES I COLUMBU	ALGENON L. MARBLEY DISTRICT JUDGE			
APPEARANCES:				
FOR THE PLAINTIFF:				
U.S. Department of Justice By: ALAN M. SHAPIRO, ESQ. P.O. Box 55 Washington, D.C. 20044				
FOR THE DEFENDANTS:				
Kohrman, Jackson, Krantz LLP By: SAMIR DAHMAN, ESQ. 10 West Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215				
ALSO PRESENT: Douglas Holmes, Esq. Thomas Holmes, Esq. Mary Ten Eyck Taylor, Esq.				
Proceedings recorded by transcript produced by computer				

1 WEDNESDAY MORNING SESSION 2 MARCH 29, 2017 3 THE COURT: Would counsel please identify themselves 11:02:08:13 5 for the record beginning with counsel for the government. MR. SHAPIRO: Your Honor, my name is Alan Shapiro. I 11:02:13:01 6 7 represent the United States. THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Shapiro. Since we're in my 11:02:18:10 8 9 conference room, you can remain seated. 10 MR. DAHMAN: Samir Dahman for Mr. Scherer, Your Honor. 11:02:26:09 11:02:30:20 11 THE COURT: Mr. Dahman, would you spell your last name 12 for the record. 13 MR. DAHMAN: D-A-H-M-A-N. 11:02:34:04 14 MR. SCHERER: Ronald Scherer. I guess I'm the 11:02:36:13 15 defendant. That would be the right term. 11:02:45:18 16 THE COURT: And we have some other --17 MR. THOMAS HOLMES: My name is Tom Holmes. I'm an 11:02:46:09 18 attorney, and I'm here with advisors to Ron -- Mr. Sheer. 11:02:55:26 19 THE COURT: And would you introduce those other lady 20 and gentleman. 11:02:59:21 21 MR. THOMAS HOLMES: Mary Taylor is also an attorney 2.2 representing Ron. My brother Douglas is also an advisor to 23 Ron. 11:03:14:00 24 MS. TEN EYCK TAYLOR: I'm Mary Ten Eyck Taylor. 11:03:15:18 25 THE COURT: And that's Douglas Owens?

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MR. THOMAS HOLMES: Holmes.

THE COURT: We have three issues that we need to address. The first issue is the amount of Mr. Scherer's income tax liability from 1990 through 1992. And as everyone will recall, the Court dismissed Mr. Scherer's counterclaim which was, in effect, his defense to the income tax liability for 1990 to 1992.

Secondly, there's the issue of the government's right to enforce the federal liens on the Lowestone Road property. I've decided previously that, to the extent the government is entitled to judgment for income tax or trust fund recovery penalty assessments, federal tax liens attached to this property and the government may enforce them. And the third issue is how funds will be distributed from the Strome property sale.

I understand the efforts to sell this property are ongoing, but the Court, in an order that is Document 152 filed on May 17th of 2016, set out the parameters and the procedures. Because if I'm not mistaken - and I can refer to the document - the property is not sold in 272 days, then the government has the right to get another real estate broker and set the commercially reasonable price for the property and proceed from there. The details are set forth.

We will take these issues up seriatim. And I will begin with you, Mr. Shapiro. The amount of Mr. Scherer's tax

liability -- income tax liability for 1990, 1992.

MR. SHAPIRO: Thank you, Your Honor. As we discussed at the status conference, the telephonic status conference that we recently had, Mr. Scherer entered into a decision in the U.S. tax court that involved, among other things, his 1990 through 1992 taxes. He petitioned and contested the deficiencies that the IRS asserted against him for those years. And the tax court entered a decision that decided those taxes in those years. In fact, that decision is in the record already. It's Docket Item 5-1. This is the copy that I'm holding in my hand of the decision.

You'll note that on the first page in the third

paragraph - I realize you don't have that in front of you right

now - it says that there are deficiencies in income tax due

from petitioner, which was Mr. Scherer, for the taxable years

1990, '91 and '92 in the amounts of -- there are three dollar

amounts there respectively, and then it goes on.

THE COURT: What are those three dollar amounts?

MR. SHAPIRO: \$552,113, three hundred twenty-six thousand --

THE COURT: Wait a minute. You're going to have to go a little slower. For 1990, that would be five hundred fifty-two thousand --

MR. SHAPIRO: -- one hundred thirteen dollars. Then \$326,659 and, finally, \$298,046.08. Then there are penalties

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for those years under Section 6662(a). And those are in the amounts of \$55,211, \$32,665.90 and \$29,804.61.

Also in the record are Exhibits 5-4, 5-5 and 5-6. These were all attachments to the complaint that the government filed. You'll note first on 5-4, specifically page two, that the dollar amounts for 1990 that I read from the decision appear as entries on the IRS account transcript for Mr. Scherer for 1990. If I was to go through the same exercise with Exhibits 5-5 and 5-6, the numbers that I quoted you from the decision, you'll see those here as well. Of course, interest and other penalties have accrued on those amounts. So, in the government's complaint, it alleged and sought for relief a total of \$4,778,133.53 plus statutory accruals from August 26, 2013.

And so, as you pointed out earlier, the only defense that was represented to us by counsel for Mr. Scherer a much earlier point in the litigation was essentially their amended counterclaim. As you noted, you've dismissed that. So, at this point, the government would contend -- and it's already written in its papers. In fact, on Docket Item 45 beginning at page 19 -- I think it's referred to as page 28 of 60 depending on which page number you look at -- we discussed the effects of the doctrine res judicata from the tax court decision. It would be our position that any arguments that Mr. Scherer could have made to the 1990 through '92 taxes he could have made them

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or should have made them in the tax court proceeding, and he's now barred from pursuing any others. So perhaps --

THE COURT: So that coupled with the counterclaim you contend eliminates any contest to these amounts, as well as the penalty amounts.

MR. SHAPIRO: Correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I did a quick math in my head of these amounts. And round it off, it's what? - about 1.1 million with these deficiencies plus the taxes? Did you do a total? I'm sure you did, Mr.Shapiro.

MR. SHAPIRO: You mean did I add up the tax amounts that I quoted?

THE COURT: For 1990, '91 and '92.

MR. SHAPIRO: I did not add up those numbers but it's not as simple as simply doing what you suggested. Because if you note on 5-4 through 5-6, those were additional tax assessments by examination by the IRS. There are pages of other items of things that were reported by the taxpayer and other items that he might have paid partially. So, when you take into account credits, payments, reported amounts, amounts determined at examination, when all of those calculations are put together, on the first page of each of these IRS transcripts, you will see an account balance. That is what tax was left as of the dates stated on here. And then there is accrued amounts that have not yet been accessed, and then a

total. When I came up with the four million figure that I said earlier, that's coming off of the account balance plus accruals on each of these three transcripts.

THE COURT: I see. So what is the total amount for 1990 through 1992 that the government is asking for that you claim you're entitled to?

MR. SHAPIRO: Again, that would be \$4,778,133.53 plus statutory accruals by federal law from August 26th, 2013.

THE COURT: And those accruals have not been calculated?

MR. SHAPIRO: From August 26th to the present they have not yet been calculated.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. SHAPIRO: I think that is also what you're going to find in the prayer for relief in our complaint, the number and the things that I just said.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Dahman.

MR. DAHMAN: Your Honor, we effectively had two counterclaims, the amended counterclaim. One was the 60(d). If you'd like, Mr. Scherer can elaborate on that. It boils down to there were two inconsistent findings between the tax court and the probate court in the litigation here in Franklin County and the FTCA claim. And those claims were dismissed. We respectfully disagree with the basis for the decision, but here we are today.

Mr. Scherer effectively has given up already \$600,000 in 11:13:01:21 1 2 assets, the two properties. And that's where we are today. 11:13:12:19 3 THE COURT: Have those assets -- those assets have not yet been offset against this tax liability, have they, 5 Mr. Shapiro? MR. SHAPIRO: That's correct. Would you like me to 11:13:20:17 6 7 give you a brief status on that? THE COURT: We'll get to that in a second. 11:13:23:27 8 9 Go ahead, Mr. Dahman. 11:13:26:27 10 MR. DAHMAN: I think it might be beneficial for 11:13:29:02 11 Mr. Scherer to actually explain the basis of the 60(d) briefly, 12 if the Court would --13 THE COURT: I'm going to give him an opportunity. But 11:13:37:00 14 that still doesn't address the res judicata issue that 15 Mr. Shapiro raised. So I don't expect Mr. Scherer to respond 16 to that. I expect you to, however. 17 MR. DAHMAN: Thank you, Your Honor. We believe that 11:13:52:16 18 Rule 60(d) provides the basis for getting around the res 19 judicata argument and the case law around that because of the 20 exceptional nature of these completely inconsistent findings 2.1 where one court believes that -- the tax court believes that 2.2 there's S income and the probate court does not agree that 23 there's S corp income. 11:14:14:28 24 And to get to the heart of it, Chase, the trustee at the

time, did some things wrong. And that's where the inconsistent

judgments lie. And we do believe that that is an exception to the res judicata doctrine.

THE COURT: How is a third party's failure to act, or acts of malfeasance -- let's say that Chase failed to discharge certain fiduciary duties. How does that address the res judicata issue? Res judicata is simply saying you had the opportunity to raise these defenses before the tax court in that litigation. And you could have raised all of the defenses because that's what that litigation was about, 1990 to 1992 federal tax deficiencies. And you didn't. So how is something that Chase did, or failed to do, a defense to your failure to raise these defenses or claims?

MR. DAHMAN: It didn't happen until after the tax court settlement. The finding of the probate court which found that the income was C corp income, not S corp income, didn't occur until long after the tax court settlement occurred. It wasn't something that hadn't come into existence yet so it could not have been raised.

THE COURT: So you accept Mr. Shapiro's position that other defenses which could have been raised to the deficiencies were not -- are now waived because they weren't raised in the tax court. And that the only defense, if any, that you have is Chase's acts or failure to act?

MR. DAHMAN: Essentially, Your Honor.

MR. SCHERER: And the IRS code.

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11:16:27:19	1	MR. DAHMAN: And the code provides for that. The code
	2	provides that the whole framework where if their income isn't
	3	reported, or if the income isn't S income, then it's C income
	4	and Mr. Scherer doesn't owe it.
11:16:39:29	5	THE COURT: Mr. Shapiro.
11:16:41:12	6	MR. SHAPIRO: This was all briefed and the Court
	7	already decided all of these arguments in favor of the
	8	government. I didn't come here to relitigate a case, a matter
	9	in the case that the Court has already decided. I apologize.
	10	I don't mean to be flippant.
11:16:58:01	11	THE COURT: And you weren't being flippant. I think
	12	that's a fair response.
11:17:06:02	13	MR. DAHMAN: And I'm not trying to argue what's
	14	already been decided by the Court. We respect your decision.
11:17:11:21	15	THE COURT: Now we're back to sort of where we
	16	started, the income tax liability from 1990 through 1992. It
	17	seems that it's 4.7.
11:17:26:20	18	MR. DAHMAN: Roughly.
11:17:28:16	19	THE COURT: Yes.
11:17:29:11	20	MR. DAHMAN: Okay.
11:17:31:16	21	THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Scherer.
11:17:33:01	22	MR. SCHERER: Those taxes were part of a ten-year
	23	audit on various companies. And that company was those
	24	companies were sold. And I wanted to end the audit and so
	25	local counsel here took a new approach, got it all figured out.

1 And the settlement agreement which I signed, I signed, 2005, as 2 he said, before the information came to us that the S was all 3 whopper-jawed, if you will. The tax that I know of, that I believe that we agreed to out of that was the 1.1 million. 5 What I did not know -- my fault, I didn't know -- apparently 6 after you sign that agreement, the government can go turn it 7 into a judgment at a tax court hearing of some kind. And it did. I have never been to a tax court, haven't presented 8 9 anything to the tax court that I know of. I believe the number 10 is 1.1 million. 11 THE COURT: Do you have anything further? 12 MR. DAHMAN: Thank you, Your Honor. No. 13 THE COURT: Mr. Shapiro, do you have anything further 14 on that point? 15 MR. SHAPIRO: It's been exhaustively briefed and 16 decided by the Court. 17 THE COURT: Okay. I understand your position, 18 Mr. Scherer, but Mr. Shapiro is correct. The amount that is owed is \$4,778,133.53 plus the statutory accruals from 19 20 August 26th, '13. 21 Mr. Shapiro, the next issue. You were going to comment 2.2 on the properties beginning with the Lowestone Road property. 23 MR. SHAPIRO: We will file papers to seek appointment

of a receiver to market and sell that property. When they have

a contract, we'll submit that to the Court for approval.

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THE COURT: But nothing has been credited to that deficiency yet.

MR. SHAPIRO: Not yet because until the property is sold and we know how much it's sold for and what, if any, other creditors would have to be paid as well, we won't know what a net figure is. When we do, that money will be applied to the tax status.

THE COURT: What about the Strome property?

MR. SHAPIRO: The Strome Court property, the 270-day period expired. The government conveyed to Mr. Scherer's counsel that it would like to have a different real estate agent handle the sale. I've been communicating with another attorney, not Mr. Dahman, Mr. Belongia, I think, to make arrangements for that Realtor to be able to have access to the property and sell it. In fact, I had those communications yesterday.

One of the difficulties that we've experienced, or that the real estate agent who is a local agent has experienced, is that there's no key to the house. The garage code or the garage door doesn't work which is apparently the only way to get in. Or perhaps most importantly, that counsel for Mr. Scherer suggested that the Realtor could work with a person named David Thompson who is a trustee of one of Mr. Scherer's trusts. He is the person who should be able to work with the Realtor to help her get access and apparently to be able to

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sign listing agreements and other documents she will need to begin marketing and selling that property on Strome Court. But he is very difficult to reach for her.

And I sent an e-mail yesterday to Mr. Belongia asking if he could either be made to be more responsive or perhaps a substitute could be found who could be more available for our local Realtor to work with.

THE COURT: Mr. Scherer, you're not related to Lance Scherer, are you?

MR. SCHERER: No, sir.

THE COURT: I was constrained to ask that question because Lance Scherer was a former law partner at the Vorys Law Firm where I was a partner. He had left around -- I think there might have been a brief overlap between the time that he was there, the time that I was there, but we were never there together as partners. I was an associate when I joined the firm. He left as a partner. I just wanted to make sure that if you were related to him, I wanted to make that disclosure on the record so that at some point later on down the road there would be no concerns about a conflict that had not been disclosed.

MR. DAHMAN: May I add something, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. DAHMAN: I believe Mr. Thompson and the Realtor

have connected.

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MR. SHAPIRO: She did reach him once. Without wanting to bog the judge down with all the little nitty-gritty of e-mails that don't get returned or phone calls that don't get answered, she has had a tough time trying to get in contact with him. Without a key, she can't use the lockbox. There's a safety issue and also a vandalism risk which is of mutual concern of the government and Mr. Scherer.

THE COURT: Could I see Mr. Dahman and Mr. Shapiro in my office?

(Recess taken from 11:24 a.m. to 12:22 p.m.)

THE COURT: The Court has now spoken with the parties collectively, and I have spoken with the parties individually. For the record, Mr. Shapiro, on behalf of the government, has tendered a draft judgment for income taxes. In his draft judgment -- and I'll read the crux of it.

It reads as follows: Judgment is granted in favor of the plaintiff, the United States of America, and against Defendant Ronald E. Scherer for unpaid income taxes for the years 1990, 1991 and 1992 in the total amount of \$4,778,133.53, plus statutory accruals as allowed by law from August 26th, 2013, including but not limited to interest pursuant to federal law until fully paid. Based on the record and for the reasons discussed in the findings and order at Docket Item No. 171, there's no just reason for delay —— I'm sorry. There's no just reason to delay the entry of a final judgment. Therefore, this

judgment is final under Rule 54(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

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During my conference with counsel for the government,
Mr. Shapiro, and counsel for the defense, Mr. Dahman,
Mr. Dahman requested that he be given an opportunity to respond
before the Court entered judgment for these income taxes. In
the interest of completeness of the record, I asked Mr. Dahman
what issues he would raise. He was not quite clear, but after
talking with Mr. Dahman and his client, Mr. Scherer, there was
some reference to issues that you believe you would raise.

Mr. Dahman, I'm going to allow you to summarize what those issues are.

MR. DAHMAN: Those issues would be due process, Your Honor. No evidence has been put forward. The complaint was not verified. No witness has testified to the facts supporting the government's claims. There hadn't been a single piece of authentic evidence admitted into the case thus far, Your Honor. And that's why we request the -- at least some number of days, as permitted by the local rules, to have the opportunity to respond more fully.

That being said, Your Honor, I believe Mr. Scherer explained just a moment ago that he intends to and, in fact, has already filed for bankruptcy.

MR. SHAPIRO: May I respond, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Absolutely, Mr. Shapiro.

12:26:09:26 1 MR. SHAPIRO: We consider Mr. Dahman's arguments
2 frivolous, and we will consider filing a sanctions motion if we
3 have to file a motion for summary judgment. There are
4 transcripts in the record, and they've known about the

liabilities for more than two years.

THE COURT: I think that the -- based on the record before the Court and some of the arguments made by Mr. Shapiro, at first blush I would agree that I have no idea of the arguments that can be raised by the defense with respect to the tendered judgment for income taxes that the Court just read into the record. And just for record purposes, I will denominate this as Exhibit A for the record here.

But in an abundance of caution, and because while I don't know of any arguments that can be made given the posture of this case, there may be some of which I am unaware that may be meritorious. So I think that the most prudent course is to give the government an opportunity to file its motion for summary judgment, give you an opportunity to respond within the time permitted by the local rules which is 21 days, and give the government, of course, an opportunity to reply.

I want the parties to understand - and I'm going to give you, Mr. Shapiro, a date certain based on how long you tell me you believe it will take you to prepare a motion for summary judgment - that I'm not going to countenance delays in this briefing process because I don't see any factual issues that

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would percolate as you're going through the process of preparing a response to the government's motion.

I think that the issues in this will be legal. I say that because from time to time I get motions for extensions because additional discovery, for instance, has to be done in the form of depositions and the like. That shouldn't have to be in this case. There shouldn't be any additional discovery. This case has been pending since 2014. It's not a fact-intensive case, at least not as it's presently postured with some of the arguments that have already been made and that are a part of this record. And so I don't anticipate there being any basis for continuances. I want the legal issues set forth clearly and plainly. This case has languished long enough. I want to move on with it.

Mr. Shapiro, how long will it take the government to prepare its motion for summary judgment?

MR. SHAPIRO: Based on other cases that I'm handling and my work in the other cases, I would like to have -- I'd like to have a 21-day period to file the motion.

THE COURT: Okay. April 21.

MR. SHAPIRO: Your Honor, what day is the 21st?

THE COURT: Friday.

MR. SHAPIRO: Okay. Thank you.

THE COURT: And you will have, Mr. Dahman, May 12th.

And your reply, Mr. Shapiro, will be May 22nd.

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MR. SHAPIRO: Your Honor, what day is the 22nd? 12:31:04:11 1 2 THE COURT: Monday. 12:31:07:23 3 MR. SHAPIRO: Would it be all right if I have until 12:31:09:09 that Friday of that week? 5 THE COURT: You mean the 26th? 12:31:16:15 MR. SHAPIRO: Yes. 12:31:19:01 6 7 THE COURT: Any objection? 12:31:19:16 MR. DAHMAN: No, Your Honor. 12:31:23:12 8 THE COURT: The 26th. 12:31:24:04 10 Now, gentlemen, those days work for both parties. You, 12:31:24:27 11 Mr. Dahman? 12:31:33:18 12 MR. DAHMAN: Yes, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: You, Mr. Shapiro? 12:31:34:09 14 MR. SHAPIRO: Yes, Your Honor. 12:31:36:09 15 THE COURT: The reason I ask is because there will be 12:31:37:09 16 no extensions. Those are the dates. 17 MR. SHAPIRO: Your Honor, that's a very stern warning 12:31:44:19 18 to both of us. I know, however, that based on past history in 19 this case, there's no way for me to predict what I might be 20 replying to. 12:32:01:20 21 THE COURT: One thing that's certain, you will not see 2.2 any issues that you haven't seen before. I don't know that 23 anyone knows more about this case from the government's side

than you. And with 27 years of experience, the likelihood that

you will see something that is either unknown to you or

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unknowable by you, Mr. Shapiro, is slim and none.

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MR. SHAPIRO: Thank you. And you also did say that there won't be any factual issues.

THE COURT: That's right. These are legal arguments.

And I'm looking at June 2nd as a date for oral argument because I believe I start a trial on June 5th.

MR. SHAPIRO: Judge Marbley, may I say something?

THE COURT: Absolutely, you may.

MR. SHAPIRO: I want the record to be clear that the government considers the request for summary judgment proceedings by Mr. Dahman and Mr. Scherer to be inappropriate, to say the least. In light of the fact that he said he intends to file bankruptcy, and the fact that they have dragged out there proceeding for over two years, we also believe that there's grave concern that there has been a delay tactic to let Mr. Scherer spend and hide his assets. There is a lengthy history that supports that possibility. So we are looking at this entire briefing and oral argument procedure as really nothing more than a ploy at an inappropriate delay. And we will consider all the ramifications of that as we go forward.

THE COURT: All right. Your record is made to the extent that you needed to make the record.

MR. SHAPIRO: Thank you.

THE COURT: And I'm going to ask the parties to hold

June 8th, a Thursday, for oral argument because I'm not certain

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that I'll need oral argument on this case. And that would address some of the time concerns that you may have. Now, upon receipt of the briefs, if I determine that oral argument is necessary, then we'll go forward on the eighth. I just want that date to be held.

But I will let you know in ample time, Mr. Shapiro, since you'll have to travel.

Mr. Dahman, you're local so your getting down here won't be an issue. Your getting here will be. So I'll make certain I'll give you at least a couple of weeks before so that you'll know.

I really want to see -- I'll really determine whether I'll desire oral argument based on the defense reply brief.

And once I get that, I'll make a decision as to whether I go forward with oral argument.

Is there anything further from the government, Mr. Shapiro?

MR. SHAPIRO: It would be helpful if we get some direction on whether Mr. Thompson is going to continue to be the person that the local Realtor should be working with or if someone else might be more responsive.

THE COURT: Mr. Dahman.

MR. DAHMAN: I believe that Mr. Thompson has been in contact already with the Realtor, and that these concerns are not as grave as they are. But I believe that Dave is the

person.

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MR. SCHERER: He's here. He's 77 years old. But he's here. He's familiar with the property and he answers his phone. He goes to work every day and he has talked to her. And I believe he even sent an e-mail. So we don't intend on changing unless you tell us we have to find somebody else. As you know, I'm in Florida.

MR. SHAPIRO: When she calls the phone number, she reports to me that she's heard somebody respond and calls herself Annie and said she doesn't know who Mr. Thompson is. Sometimes she gets a message that indicates — the voice mail message says it's the Scherer trust or something to that effect. The e-mails don't always get responded to. There's the issue of the door lock.

THE COURT: Is there anyone else we can deal with?

MR. SCHERER: I'm here in the next couple of days.

THE COURT: Other than Mr. Thompson, who else would be in a position to $-\!\!\!\!-$

MR. SHAPIRO: It's a question also of who has the authority within the College Properties Inc., which is the record title holder to the property, to sign a listing agreement, to sign a settlement paper. And there's also the outstanding real property taxes and the outstanding homeowner association fees.

THE COURT: This is going to be the easiest way to do

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12:38:34:03 2.5

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1 this. What do you need from Mr. Thompson like immediately? 12:38:44:16 2 MR. SHAPIRO: Give a key to the lock and fix the 3 garage door opening so that she can put a lockbox on the front door. Make himself readily available so that if she needs him 5 to sign papers for her for a listing agreement or something of 6 that nature, that she can get in touch with him relatively 7 easily. And they need to get the real property taxes and HOA fees up to date. They're thousands of dollars in arrears. 12:39:12:23 9 THE COURT: One and two will be an easy fix. Three is 10 kind of like a mini layer of -- M-I-N-I -- litigation. So what 11 I'm going to do is order that -- what is your person's name? 12:39:29:11 12 MR. SHAPIRO: Her name is Christy Garner. 13 THE COURT: That Ms. Garner be provided a key to the 12:39:32:27 14 property on or before April 3rd. And a failure to do that will 15 be violation of the Court order and could lead to a finding of 16 contempt. 17 Will it be necessary, Mr. Shapiro, to have the garage 12:39:54:28 door repaired since I'm ordering that a key be provided, since 18 the reason that you wanted the garage door repaired was to be 19 20 able to get into the property? 12:40:10:09 21 MR. SHAPIRO: And the answer is yes, because any 2.2 prospective buyer would want to see that it's functioning. 12:40:17:26 23 THE COURT: I don't know -- it's difficult to order a 24 time period because I don't know the extent of the damage to

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the garage door. Does --

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12:40:29:02	1	MR. SCHERER: Your Honor, I believe it was just a
	2	problem with her entering the code. It's working the last I
	3	was there.
12:40:36:10	4	THE COURT: So I'm going to direct that the code be
	5	provided to Ms. Garner, along with the key. So the code and
	6	the key on or before April 3rd.
12:40:50:21	7	MR. SHAPIRO: And given that Mr. Scherer has indicated
	8	it's functioning, that it will be a functioning garage door.
12:40:56:18	9	THE COURT: It will be a functioning garage door.
12:40:59:13	10	Now, the third issue about
12:41:02:22	11	MR. DAHMAN: Your Honor, is the Court ordering that
	12	the garage door be functioning?
12:41:07:03	13	THE COURT: No. I'm ordering that the code be
	14	provided based on Mr. Scherer's representation that the garage
	15	door functions.
12:41:16:28	16	MR. DAHMAN: Thank you.
12:41:17:11	17	THE COURT: If the garage door doesn't function, then
	18	you're to report back to me and we'll proceed from there. It
	19	really is not my desire to micromanage this. I would hope that
	20	you all can get this done without my involvement.
12:41:34:16	21	Now, with respect to the third issue, Mr. Shapiro, the
	22	issue of outstanding
12:41:43:05	23	MR. SHAPIRO: Real property taxes and homeowner
	24	association fees.

THE COURT: How much is that, do you know?

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12:41:46:13

2.4 1 MR. SHAPIRO: Several thousand of real property taxes 12:41:48:24 2 and more than a thousand of HOA fees. 12:41:55:20 3 MR. SCHERER: It is our belief we entered a settlement 4 agreement, although my two cents hasn't been followed like it 5 should. But it says that any taxes and fees will be paid at 6 closing. 12:42:16:14 7 MR. SHAPIRO: I'm not aware of such an agreement. THE COURT: I'm going to give you and Mr. Dahman --12:42:17:29 8 9 I'm going to leave that to the two of you to peel the layers of 10 the onion back to see what, in fact, would be the amount of the 11 real property taxes and homeowner association fees and to 12 confirm what Mr. Scherer represented to the Court, that it has 13 been agreed among the parties that the fees and those back 14 taxes on the property are to be paid at closing. Because if 15 that's the agreement, then that's the agreement. 12:43:03:08 16 MR. SCHERER: Your Honor, it doesn't say -- I just 17 want to make sure I didn't misspeak. It doesn't say the homeowner fees specifically. It just says taxes and other 18 19 fees, I believe. 12:43:14:04 20 THE COURT: And that agreement was entered into between whom? 2.1 12:43:18:05 22 MR. SCHERER: Ourselves and the government in order

to -- it was the -- you have 270 days to sell it. And we did

have a contract to sell it. It wasn't the most exciting one

that could have happened. And then after that, they get to

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sell it. And that's the period we're now in. And I believe that language is in that agreement.

THE COURT: They say it is. You say it isn't.

MR. SHAPIRO: I'll read it again. I'm only human.

Maybe it's possible that he's right. I'll give him the benefit of the doubt and read the agreement.

MR. SCHERER: That's a first --

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maybe we can have a three o'clock conference call on Monday.

By that time, you'll have the key. You should know about whether the garage door, in fact, opens, and then you can let me know the status of this agreement about the payment of homeowner fees, or taxes and fees, whether there is, in fact, an agreement between the parties that should be addressed at closing. There's no need for me to decide an issue that has already been resolved.

Is there anything --

MR. SHAPIRO: Conference call at three o'clock on what day?

THE COURT: Monday, April 3rd.

So, Mr. Dahman, I want to make sure that the key and the code have been given to Ms. Garner by noon on the third so that by that time, Mr. Shapiro, Ms. Garner will have had an opportunity to test both the key and the garage door to see whether it works so that when we have our telephonic status

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               conference at three o'clock on Monday, I'll know what we have.
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                       Is there anything further from the government,
12:45:36:21
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          3
               Mr. Shapiro?
                         MR. SHAPIRO: No, Your Honor.
12:45:39:07
12:45:39:29
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                         THE COURT: Anything further from the defense,
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               Mr. Dahman?
12:45:42:20
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                         MR. DAHMAN: No, Your Honor. Thank you.
12:45:45:15
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                         THE COURT: Thank you very much, everyone.
                    (Proceedings concluded at 12:45 p.m.)
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 $C\ E\ R\ T\ I\ F\ I\ C\ A\ T\ E$ I, Shawna J. Evans, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings before the Honorable Algenon L. Marbley, Judge, in the United States District Court, Southern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, on the date indicated, reported by me in shorthand and transcribed by me or under my supervision. s/Shawna J. Evans_ Shawna J. Evans, RMR, CRR Official Federal Court Reporter April 5, 2017